

PRODUCT SAFETY DATA SHEET

INDUSTRIAL NICKEL CADMIUM BATTERY

Voluntary SDS created on the basis of (EG) 1907/2006

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1. IDENTIFICATION

1.1 PRODUCT NICKEL CADMIUM BATTERY (Rechargeable, vented battery with alkaline electrolyte)

Trade name SRM, SM, SRX, SPH, STH, MRX, MSX, NCX, VO and others plastic/steels cells

1.2 SUPPLIER

Headquarter SAFT S.A.

Address 12 rue Sadi Carnot – 93170 BAGNOLET – France Phone/Fax +33 (0) 1 49 93 19 18 /+33 (0) 1 49 93 19 50

Factory SAFT BORDEAUX

Address 11 113 Bd A Daney, 33300 Bordeaux FRANCE

Phone/Fax +33 5 57106400/ +33 5 56501070

1.3 EMERGENCY CONTACT see contacts in www.saftbatteries.com

2. HAZARDS

In normal use the electrode materials and the electrolyte are enclosed within the cell. Precaution is required during handling against the leaking of electrolyte from the cells and also during the filling or the emptying of the cells. See also the Safety Data Sheets for electrolyte.

The electrolyte:

- Harmful if swallowed
- Causes severe burns

3. COMPOSITION

3.1 HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES - COMPLETE BATTERY CELLS WITH ELECTROLYTE - Cells charged

Name	Chemical	EINECS Number	CAS Number	Conc. wt-%	Symbol	Identification of danger	Risks (R-phrases)		
Nickel oxohydroxide ¹	NiOOH			7 to 14					
Cadmium ²	Cd	231-152- 8	7440-43-9	8 to 14	Carc Cat 2; Mut Cat 3; Repr Cat 3; T+;N	Very toxic ; Dangerous to the environment	R45-26-48/23/25-62- 63-68-50/53		
Potassium hydroxide	КОН	215-181- 3	1310-58-3	5 to 8	In electrolyte – see below				

¹ When charged cell, NiOOH in majority, when discharged, Ni(OH)₂ in majority

² When charged cell, Cd in majority, when discharged, Cd(OH)2 in majority



3.2 HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES - ELECTROLYTE ONLY

Name	Chemical	EINECS Number	CAS Number	Conc. wt-%	Symbol	Identification of danger	Risks (R-phrases)		
Potassium hydroxide	KOH	215-181-3	1310-58-3	20 to 24	С	Corrosive	R22-35		
Lithium hydroxide	Li OH	215-183-4	1310-65-2	0.3 to 0.8		Not classified			

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

In contact with electrolyte:

4.1 INHALATION

- Fresh air
- Rinse mouth and nose with water
- Medical treatment

4.2 SKIN CONTACT

- Rinse immediately with plenty of water
- Medical treatment

4.3 EYE CONTACT

- Rinse immediately with plenty of water during at least 15-30 minutes
- Immediate hospital treatment

4.4 INGESTION

- If the injured is fully conscious: Plenty of water to drink
- Do not induce vomiting
- Immediate send to hospital for treatment

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

- Use Class D-Dry chemical and/or sand
- Do not use water

5.2 SPECIAL EXPOSURE HAZARDS

- If overheated by an external source or by internal shorting the cell may give off potassium hydroxide mist and/or hydrogen gas
- In fire situations fumes containing cadmium and nickel compounds may develop; danger of acute damage to health by inhalation of fumes.

5.3 SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

- Use self-contained breathing apparatus and full fire-fighting protective clothing

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

- Flush electrolyte spillage with plenty of water
- Beware risk of slipping



7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

- Handle and store cells filled with electrolyte always with vents upwards
- Store in a dry place.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

- Under normal use, no special personnel protection is required
- When handling leaking cells or when emptying/filling cells with electrolyte, use eye protection glasses and protection gloves

9. PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

- Physical shape and colour as supplied

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 CONDITIONS TO AVOID

- From health & safety point of view avoid temperatures over 85 °C.
- Do not short-circuit the electrode connections
- Avoid deformation/crushing of cells

10.2 MATERIAL TO AVOID

- Do not fill cells with acidic electrolyte for e.g. lead/acid battery

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 ACUTE TOXICITY

The electrolyte:

Potassium hydroxide LD50/oral/rat: 365 mg/kg Lithium hydroxide No data available

Fumes containing cadmium compounds:

Cadmium oxide LD50/oral/rat: 1,3 mg/m³ (30 minutes)
Cadmium oxide LD50/oral/mouse: 0,7 mg/m³ (30 minutes)

11.2 HEALTH HAZARD

- Skin contact can cause severe injury.
- Eye contact rapidly causes severe damage. Risk of permanent damage.
- Ingestion usually results in severe injury. Risk of permanent injuries.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

N/A for batteries.

Electrolyte: The sharp pH rise may cause impact on fish, plankton and stationary organism. If not neutralised, the product can be toxic for aquatic organisms because of alkalinity.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS



- As all battery systems, Ni-Cd cells must be collected separately from other waste and recycled contact local Saft dealer for information
- Never incinerate Ni-Cd cells
- Never dispose of NiCd cells in landfills

Europe: End-of-life management must be managed according to directive 2006/66/EC on batteries and accumulators and waste batteries and accumulators and its transposition into each European Union's Member State national legislation. Check with Saft or with your national or local environment authority for details.

Saft has implemented a network of collection and recycling partners for waste industrial Ni-Cd batteries, please check www.saftbatteries.com for details

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1 UNITED NATIONS

- UN N°: 2795

14.2 INTERNATIONAL CONVENTIONS

Air : IATASea : IMDG

- Land: ADR (road) or RID (rail) Batteries exempted acc to special paragraph no 598.

UN Nº	NAME	RAIL & ROAD (ADR)				SEA (IMDG)					AIR (IATA)			
	Proper shipping name	CL	Code	Packing group	Labelling	CL	Risk	EmS	Packing group	Labelling	CL	Risk	Packing group	Labelling
2795	BATTERIES WET, FILLED WITH ALKALI Electric storage	8	C 11	None	None	8	***	F-A, S-B	None	8	8	None	***	8

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 PRODUCT MARKING (EU)



15.2 PRODUCT MARKING (US)

Regulated marking includes the three pointed chasing arrows symbol, the abbreviation Ni-Cd, and the phrase BATTERY MUST BE RECYCLED OR DISPOSED OF PROPERLY.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

16.1 RISK PHRASES

R22 Harmful if swallowed R26 Very toxic by inhalation R35 Causes severe burns

R40 Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect



R43 May cause sensitization by skin contact

R45 May cause cancer

R62 Possible risk of impaired fertility Possible risk to the unborn child R63 R68 Possible risk of irreversible effects R20/22 Harmful by inhalation and if swallowed

Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment Harmful by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed R50/53

R20/21/22

R48/23/25 Toxic: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation and if swallowed

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